



AIRTUG® Trailer Tugs Assembly & Operations Instructions MODELS: TT-HD-EM-15 and TT-HD-EA-15

Airtug, LLC is not responsible for damage sustained when proper clearance is not maintained by the operator between the tug and its surroundings.

Caution: Braking too abruptly or moving too fast can seriously damage the differential ring gear. This is considered abuse and is not covered by the transaxle warranty.



Note: All reference to “right” and “left” orientation is made while standing behind the tug, looking forward.

Tug Operation: Turn the motor on with the switch on the top of the handle. The twist grip handle operates the hydrostatic transaxle. Rotating the twist grips forward or aft moves the tug accordingly. Rotating the grip slightly in either direction will move the tug very slowly. As you increase the rotation of the handle grips, the tug speed increases. Maximum torque is applied at very slow speeds ensuring excellent maneuverability while rotating the hand grips fully results in maximum speed. The hydrostatic transaxle provides smooth variable speed control throughout the entire range of grip motion. The twist grip is spring loaded to “return -to-brake position.” Nevertheless, it is not recommended to walk away from the tug while the engine is running. While moving the trailer, braking is effected by gradually returning the grip to the neutral or brake position. Even while moving the trailer on a downgrade, the tug will only go as fast as you have the twist grip turned. When moving over the door weather edge or door rail, it’s recommended to have a little momentum. Ramps or steps can be purchased from Airtug, if necessary, to overcome high door sills or rough pavement. Ensure you turn the motor off after each use and plug in the battery charger.

It is recommended to have the tongue as low as possible typically to move as much trailer weight onto the drive wheels as possible. Hence, set the ball height on the tug as low as is reasonable. Please note that if the weight on the tongue of the trailer is not set up properly that additional weight may be needed on the drive wheels of the tug. Also, lowering the tire pressure on the tug should improve traction. There is also a sticker on the handle for other recommendations to improve traction. Airtug® sells additional weight packs if you are having problems with traction and have tried all the recommendations on the handle. For best practice, safety, and for the best traction, begin movement as slowly as possible to put the trailer in motion.

SAVE THIS DOCUMENT AND ENSURE ALL OPERATORS READ IT PRIOR TO MOVING ANY TRAILERS

Loading: Position the ball of tug under the receiver of the trailer and stop. Then either crank the trailer down onto the tug (Manual) or push the button to raise the ball up into the ball receiver and lift the tongue of the trailer up into the air (Automatic). Do not hold the button when the cylinder is maxed out on stroke. This can cause damage to the cylinder motor and electronic circuits.

Operating Instructions

Step 1: Prior to the first use, plug the charger cable into a 110V outlet or extension cord and charge the batteries fully as indicated by the green light at the top of the charger. The orange light indicates batteries are charging. Keep the battery charger plugged in between use. See the battery charger manual for more information.

Step 2: Plug in the trailer electric to the plug on the tug labeled “Surge Brake By-Pass” and this will not allow the brakes to lock up when pushing the trailer in reverse.

Step 3: Turn switch at end of handle to the “On” position. Select “FWD” or “REV” and slowly press the thumb throttle to slowly begin movement of the tug. Begin movement as slowly as possible.

General Maintenance

Tire Pressure: The tire pressure can range from 30 psi for lighter trailers to the maximum tire pressure of 70 psi for heavier trailers. It should be reduced for added traction for lighter trailers. Lower pressures improve traction.

Batteries: Keep the batteries fully charged. The battery performance will diminish measurably as the ambient air temperature drops.

Hydrostatic Transaxle: This should be checked for oil level. Add 20W-50 oil if level is low.

Drive Wheel Bearings: Permanently lubricated.

Caster Zerk Fittings: Needs to be lubed periodically to ensure ease of caster wheel steering.

Drive Chains: Apply chain lube periodically depending on use and environment.

Tractive Ability: If the tug seems to be losing tractive ability, it's an indication of a loose drive belt. The engine plate is mounted on slotted holes and can be moved rearward to tighten the drive belt if necessary. Simply loosen the nuts, push the engine plate towards the rear of the tug and tighten the nuts firmly.

Wet Battery Maintenance: (If you purchased gel cell batteries, there is no battery maintenance required.)

1. New batteries (wet or gel cell) require a full charge before use and need to be cycled several times before reaching full capacity.
2. Battery connections should be kept tight at all times. Periodic inspection is recommended.
3. Vent caps should remain in place and tight at all times during operation and charging.
4. Keep batteries clean from all dirt and corrosion.
5. A maintenance routine should be set up to check the battery fluid level every two (2) weeks initially until an adequate routine is established for the particular operating environment. The acid level should be 1/4" above the battery cell plates. The acid level should never touch the fill well. Distilled or treated water should

- be used to replenish the batteries. Care should be taken to avoid metallic contamination (iron).
6. Batteries should not be discharged to the point of no longer being able to power the tug. Keeping the batteries fully charged will greatly reduce the risk of a dead battery when you need it most.
 7. Batteries should be brought up to a full charge at the earliest opportunity using the built in 24V battery charger with reverse polarity protection and float mode. The battery charger should be left on when the tug is parked to maintain proper charging and maintenance of batteries at all times. Keeping the batteries fully charged will reduce the risk of freezing in cold temperatures.
 8. Avoid charging the batteries when the ambient temperature exceeds 120°F.
 9. As batteries age, the maintenance requirements increase. Maintain the water level. Older batteries will take longer to fully charge.
 10. Periodic battery testing is an important preventative maintenance procedure. Hydrometer readings of each cell while fully charged gives an indication of balance and the true charge level. Imbalance could mean the need for equalizing, and is also a sign of potentially improper charging or a bad cell. Voltage tests (open circuit, charged or discharged) can identify a bad or weak battery. Load testing will identify a bad battery when other methods fail. A weak battery will cause premature failure of a companion battery.
 11. Extreme temperatures can substantially affect battery performance and charging. Cold temperatures reduce battery capacity and retard charging. Heat increases water usage resulting in overcharging.

CAUTION:

- * Read, study and understand all warnings and operating instructions prior to use
- * When working on the tug:
 - * Put the tug up on blocks to get the drive wheels off the ground before beginning any work.
 - * Do not allow anyone to stand directly in front of or behind the vehicle during testing.
 - * Make sure the Power switch is off.
 - * Use well-insulated tools.
- * Runaways - Some conditions could cause the tug to run out of control. Disconnect the motor, or jack up the tug, and get the drive wheels off the ground before attempting any work on the motor control circuitry.
- * High Current Arcs - Electric vehicle batteries can supply very high power, and arcs can occur if they are short circuit. Always turn off the battery circuit before working on the motor control circuit. Wear safety glasses, and use properly insulated tools to prevent short circuit.
- * Do not overload this tug beyond the rated capacity.
- * This tug is designed for use only on hard level surfaces capable of sustaining the load.
- * No alterations to the tug shall be made.
- * Electronic components may be damaged if exposed to water! This is not covered under warranty.
- * Failure to heed these warnings may result in personal injury and/or property damage.